

# Exercise for Chapter 3

April 5, 2012

1. How many elements does the set  $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\} \cup \{\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}\}$  have? How about subsets?
2. Show that if  $A \cap B = \emptyset$  and  $A \cup B = \mathbb{R}$ , then for each  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ , we have either (I)  $t \in A, t \notin B$ , or (II)  $t \in B, t \notin A$ .
3. (a) Show that  $T \times \bigcup_{\alpha \in \Lambda} S_\alpha = \bigcup_{\alpha \in \Lambda} T \times S_\alpha$ .  
(b) Show that  $\wp(\bigcap_{\alpha} S_\alpha) = \bigcap_{\alpha} (\wp S_\alpha)$ .  
(c) Show that  $\bigcup_{\alpha \in \Lambda} X \setminus S_\alpha = X \setminus \bigcap_{\alpha \in \Lambda} S_\alpha$ .
4. Show that if  $A$  is a subset of all sets, then  $A = \emptyset$ .
5. (a) Show that  $\wp(A \cup B) \supseteq \wp A \cup \wp B$  ??  
(b) Show that the equality holds if and only if  $A \subset B$  or  $B \subset A$ .
6. Let  $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$  be a strictly decreasing sequence of positive real numbers. Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$  if and only if  $\bigcap_{j=1}^\infty [0, a_j] = \{0\}$ .
7. Let  $\wp X$  denote the power set of  $X$ .  
(a) [15%] Show that if  $A \subset B$  then  $\wp A \subset \wp B$ .  
(b) [10%] Show that  $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\} \in \wp \wp \wp S$  for any set  $S$ . [Hint: Who is the subset of all sets ??]
8. A "good set" is defined as a nonempty proper subset of  $\mathbb{Q}^+$ . i.e.  $A$  is a good if and only if  $\emptyset \subsetneq A \subsetneq \mathbb{Q}^+$ .

The operations of two good sets are defined by

$$A + B := \{X + Y : x \in A, Y \in B\}$$

$$A \cdot B := \{X \cdot Y : x \in A, Y \in B\}$$

Show that for good sets  $\xi, \eta, \zeta$ , we always have  $\xi \cdot (\eta + \zeta) = \xi \cdot \eta + \xi \cdot \zeta$ .

9. (a) For  $a, b$ , show that if  $\{a, b\} = \{c, d\}$  then we have either (I)  $a = c$  and  $b = d$ , or (II)  $a = d$  and  $b = c$ .  
(b) Define  $\langle a, b \rangle = \{\{a\}, \{a, b\}\}$ . Show that if  $\langle a, b \rangle = \langle c, d \rangle$  then  $a = c$  and  $b = d$ .